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## **CANDIDATES**

#### Scrutineers

Unless otherwise stated, all references to legislation are to the *Electoral Act 1992* (EA). The information in this fact sheet does not replace legislation. If you are concerned about your circumstances, you should seek independent legal advice.

### What is a scrutineer?

A scrutineer is someone who is formally appointed by a candidate to observe certain aspects of the election process.

The ECQ welcomes scrutineers as their presence helps to ensure the election is fair and transparent.

# How are scrutineers appointed?

Candidates may appoint 1 or more scrutineers for the election by lodging Form 11 – Scrutineer Appointment with a polling place Supervisor or the Returning Officer for their electoral district.

Scrutineers will receive a copy of their appointment form as well as a scrutineer badge and bib, which they must wear at all times while carrying out scrutineering duties.

Scrutineers must be formally appointed by a candidate to observe election procedures like voting and counting.

## Where are scrutineers allowed to go?

Scrutineers are allowed to be present:

- anywhere people are voting
- for the sealing and unsealing of ballot boxes
- at the scrutiny of declaration envelopes
- anywhere electronically assisted voting procedures are taking place
- anywhere votes are being counted.

Before and during voting, 1 scrutineer is allowed to be present for each Issuing Officer at the polling place. When declaration envelopes are being examined or votes are being counted, 1 scrutineer is allowed to be present for each member of ECQ staff at the premises.

The Returning Officer will advise candidates of the times and locations of election activities where scrutineers may be present.

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#### What are scrutineers allowed to do?

### Scrutineers may:

- observe the operations and conduct of election staff
- inspect ballot boxes, observe their sealing and sign as a witness
- object to the entitlement of a person to vote
- record details of electors who vote at the election
- observe election staff assisting a voter who needs help
- if and as requested, assist a voter by explaining, reading or marking their ballot paper
- challenge the formality of a ballot paper at a count or recount
- object to the count of a vote for a particular candidate
- countersign endorsements on any parcels of ballot papers or the statement of first preference votes.

#### Scrutineers must not:

- compromise the secrecy of the vote
- communicate with any person in a polling place except in the performance of their specific duties as a scrutineer
- canvass for votes inside a polling place or within 6 metres of its entrance
- wear or display any campaign material (e.g. t-shirts, hats, badges) inside a polling place or within 6 metres of its entrance
- touch ballot papers or declaration envelopes (unless specifically requested by a
- touch or help carry any election material or ballot boxes while attending places of electoral visits, declared institutions or mobile polling booths
- be aggressive, vexatious or intimidating to election staff, voters or other scrutineers.

Failure to comply with these rules or the reasonable directions of ECQ election staff may result in a scrutineer being excluded from a polling place or counting centre.

## For further information

This fact sheet mainly refers to part 7, division 3 of the EA. The EA is available in full at legislation.qld.gov.au. Participants in the electoral process should ensure they understand their obligations under the EA.



# RELATED FACT SHEETS

Fact sheet 32 – Campaign workers and media at polling places

Fact sheets can be found on the ECQ website.